

Risk Assessment

Assessment Date:	03/04/2023	Location: (Site/ Building/ Room)	Ravenscliffe, Bradford.
Assessors Name:	Leon Whiting		
Task: Risk assessment for short film			

What are the hazards? (See list of sample hazards)	Who might be harmed? (e.g. Staff, students, visitors)	What are the risks	Are the following control measures in place to eliminate or reduce the risks?	Yes/ No	Corrective actions required	Risk Evaluation			Risk Rating
						Consequence (1 – 3)	Likelihood (1 – 3)	Overall risk (C x L)	Low, Medium or High
Slips, trips and falls	Me and the guest	Wire and obstacles	reduce	yes	Keep the floor clear	1	2	2	low
Manual Handling	Me	Dropping equipment	reduce	yes	Be careful	2	1	2	low
Computer workstation use	me	Spilling liquids	eliminate	yes	No drinks whilst recording	2	2	4	med
Electrical safety	Me and guest	dodgy equipment	Reduce	yes	Double check equipment is correct	2	1	2	low
Fire	Me and guest	wires	reduce	yes	Keep them out of the way	2	1	2	low
Falling from height	Anyone on set	Breaking equipment	Reduce	yes	Be extra careful with equipment.	0	0	0	low
Working environment	Me and guest	Could be interrupted	reduce	yes	Keep door locked	1	1	1	low

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1. EXAMPLE HAZARDS THAT MAY BE APPLICABLE TO THE JOB or WORK ACTIVITY			
Working at Height	Noise	Hand tools	Vibration
Falling objects	Extreme Heat / cold	Confined spaces	Repetitive hand/ arm movement
Slippery/ uneven/ worn floors	Radiation	Poor housekeeping / cleaning	Machine operation
Obstructions/ projections	Lighting	Vehicle movement	Electromagnet
Manual handling	Compressed air	Fire / explosion	Pressurised systems
Mechanical Lifting	Substances / materials	Electricity	Other (specify on assessment)

2. RISK MATRIX		Potential consequence of harm		
		1 – Minor Injury (e.g. hazard can cause illness, injury or equipment damage but the results would not be expected to be serious)	2 – Significant Injury (e.g. hazard can result in serious injury and/or illness, over 3 day absence)	3 – Major Injury (e.g. hazard capable of causing death or serious and life threatening injuries)
Likelihood of harm	1 – Unlikely (injury rare, though possible)	1 – Low	2 – Low	3 – Medium
	2 – Possible (injury could occur occasionally)	2 – Low	4 – Medium	6 – High
	3 – Probable (injury likely to occur, can be expected)	3 – Medium	6 – High	9 – Extreme

3. RISK EVALUATION

This is calculated by multiplying the likelihood against the consequence e.g. taking a likelihood of 1, which is classified as Unlikely and multiplying this against a Potential Consequence of 2, which is classified as Significant Injury, would give you an overall Risk Rating of 2, which would result in an overall evaluation as a low risk.

1 to 2 = Low risk

Low risks are largely acceptable, monitor periodically to determine situation changes which may affect the risk, or after significant changes

3 to 4 = Medium risk

Medium risks at the upper end of this band should only be tolerated for the short-term and then only whilst further control measures to mitigate the risk are being planned and introduced, within a defined time period. Risks on the lower end should be reduced if practicable.

6 = High risk

High risks activities should cease immediately until further control measures to mitigate the risk are introduced. The continued effectiveness of control measures must be monitored periodically.

9 = Extreme Risk

Work should not be started or continued until the risk has been mitigated. Immediate action is required to reduce exposure. A detailed mitigation plan must be developed, implemented and monitored by senior management to reduce the risk before work is allowed to commence.