Risk Assessment

Assessment Date:	May 2023	Location: (Site/ Building/ Room)	Bradford college		
Assessors Name:	Omar Ali Hassan				
Task:					

What are the	Who might be					Risk Evaluation			Risk Rating
hazards? (See list of sample hazards)	Irds? harmed? list of (e.g. Staff, nple students, ards) visitors)		in place to eliminate or reduce the risks?	Yes/ No	Corrective actions required	Consequence (1 – 3)	Likelihood (1 – 3)	Overall risk (C x L)	Low, Mediu m or High
Slips, trips and falls	The actors and the floor manager.	The risks are not that dangerous because if someone trips or falls over something he is not going to be harmed.	Yes, there is because everyone has been inside the studio and knows what it is like in there.	Yes	Taking care of where you going and looking out for wires.	2	2	4	low
Manual Handling	The floor manager.	The floor manager putting his hands between the crane and cutting his hands off.	Yes, because the floor manager knows where if he puts his hands is going to cause him harm.	Yes	The floor manager should take precautions by looking where can he put his hands in.	1	1	1	Medi um
Computer workstatio n use	The editor.	The editor might get eyes strain and back posture.	The best thing is to take breaks and not doing it for too long.	Yes	The editor should not be sitting for long hours.	1	2	3	High
Electrical safety	The actors.	Someone getting an electric shock.	Yes, Because the floor manager checks if there is any live wires before anyone enters the set.	Yes	Making sure there is no live wires.	2	2	4	Low
Fire	N/A								
Falling from height	N/A								
Working environme nt	N/A								

What are the	Who might be		And the following control measures			Risk Evaluation			Risk Rating
hazards? (See list of sample hazards)	harmed? (e.g. Staff, students, visitors)	What are the risks	in place to eliminate or reduce the risks?	Yes/ No	Corrective actions required	Consequence (1 – 3)	Likelihood (1 – 3)	Overall risk (C x L)	Low, Mediu m or High

1. EXAMI	PLE HAZARDS THAT MAN	(BE APPLICABLE TO THE J	IOB or W	ORK ACTIVITY				
Working at Height No		Noise	Hand t	Hand tools		Vibration		
Falling objects Ex		Extreme Heat / cold	Confin	Confined spaces		Repetitive hand/ arm movement		
Slippery/ uneven/ worn floors Ra		Radiation	Poor h	Poor housekeeping / cleaning		Machine operation		
Obstructions/ projections Li		Lighting	Vehicle	ehicle movement		lectromagnet		
Manual han	dling	Compressed air	mpressed air Fire / d		Pressur	urised systems		
Mechanical Lifting Su		Substances / materials	ances / materials Electric		Other ((specify on assessment)		
2. RISK MAT	TRIX		Potential consequence of harm					
		1 – Minor Injury (e.g. hazard can cause illness, equipment damage but the would not be expected to be	1 – Minor Injury (e.g. hazard can cause illness, injury or equipment damage but the results would not be expected to be serious)		erious 3 day	3 – Major Injury (e.g. hazard capable of causing death or serious and life threatening injuries)		
	1 – Unlikely (injury rare, though possible)	1 – Low	1 – Low			3 – Medium		
Likelihood	2 – Possible (injury could occur occasionally)	2 – Low		4 – Medium 6 – High		6 – High		
	3 – Probable (injury likely to occur, can be expected)	3 – Medium				9 – Extreme		

3. RISK EVALUATION

This is calculated by multiplying the likelihood against the consequence e.g. taking a likelihood of 1, which is classified as Unlikely and multiplying this against a Potential Consequence of 2, which is classified as Significant Injury, would give you and overall Risk Rating of 2, which would result in an overall evaluation as a low risk.

1 to 2 = Low risk

Low risks are largely acceptable, monitor periodically to determine situation changes which may affect the risk, or after significant changes

3 to 4 = Medium risk

Medium risks at the upper end of this band should only be tolerated for the short-term and then only whilst further control measures to mitigate the risk are being planned and introduced, within a defined time period. Risks on the lower end should be reduced if practicable.

6 = High risk

High risks activities should cease immediately until further control measures to mitigate the risk are introduced. The continued effectiveness of control measures must be monitored periodically.

9 = Extreme Risk

Work should not be started or continued until the risk has been mitigated. Immediate action is required to reduce exposure. A detailed mitigation plan must be developed, implemented and monitored by senior management to reduce the risk before work is allowed to commence.