

Beth's Theme

Broadchurch

C^b major (C^b, E^b, G^b) IV

G^b major (G^b, B^b, D^b) I

Ólafur Arnalds

Tempo can change & not exact

(12 bars) piano ONLY introduction

6 crotchet beats per bar
Tempo rubato
♩ = c. 80

Piano middle C

graves (continuous)

E^b minor chord (E^b, G^b, B^b) vi

simile

D^b major (D^b, F, A^b) II

Pno.

same here

swapped edited

G^b B^b

F B^b

swapped + edited

F A^b

crescendos followed by mezzo piano + diminuendo poco rit.

Pno.

repetition of above 4 bars

p

mp

Dynamics remain 'piano' for 8 bars

13 A tempo

Pno.

melodic line + rhythm stays the same

E^b m chord (vi)

C^b chord (IV)

D^b chord (II)

G^b chord (I)

Vla.

Vc.

decreased dynamics

Dynamic increase "expressive"

17

Pno.

Vla.

Vc.

no slur

minim not semi breve

repeat of above

SAME MELODY, RHYTHM + HARMONY
AGAIN

21

Pno.

Vla.

Vc.

p *mf* *f* *mf*

p *mf* *f* *mf*

SAME MELODY, RHYTHM + HARMONY AGAIN

in a gradual decrease

Handwritten musical score for Piano (Pno.), Viola (Vla.), and Violoncello (Vc.). The Piano part consists of a continuous eighth-note pattern in both hands, marked *p*. The Viola part has a single note held for the duration, also marked *p*. The Violoncello part has a single note held for the duration, marked *p*. A handwritten note in pink says "Gradual dynamic increase as section A ends".

Gradual dynamic increase as section ends

ξ^b minor vi c^b major IV

Interesting choice to start B section on 3rd bar not 1st.

Handwritten musical score for "The Rose Tree" featuring piano, violin I, violin II, viola, and cello. The score includes handwritten annotations for dynamics, articulation, and chord progressions.

Piano (Pno.)

- Measures 1-2: $G^b B^b$ (mp)
- Measures 3-4: $G^b A^b$ (mp)
- Measures 5-6: $F A^b$ (mf), $A^b D^b$ (Db V)
- Measures 7-8: $G^b A^b$ (G^b major I), $B^b D^b$

Violin I (Vln. I)

- Measures 1-2: Rest
- Measures 3-4: G^b (p espress.), F (mp)
- Measures 5-6: G^b (p)

Violin II (Vln. II)

- Measures 1-2: Rest
- Measures 3-4: F^b (p espress.), A^b (mp)
- Measures 5-6: A^b (mf)

Viola (Vla.)

- Measures 1-2: A^b (mp)
- Measures 3-4: B^b (mp)
- Measures 5-6: G^b (mf)

Cello (Vc.)

- Measures 1-2: F (mp)
- Measures 3-4: F^b (mp)
- Measures 5-6: F^b (mf)

introduces wains as introduces B section

Still no change (rhythm)

Piano (Pno.)

Violin I (Vln. I)

Violin II (Vln. II)

Viola (Vla.)

Violoncello (Vc.)

Handwritten notes: G^b , F , D^b , G^b , F , D^b , A^b

Handwritten note: octaves

$G^b A^b B C D E F G^b$

Piano's dynamics have gradually increased from 'piano' to 'forte'.

A^b minor ii E^b major $\frac{7}{4}$ vi B^b minor iii D^b major II

no change octaves

doesn't change

iso - octave below vln. II

Piano (Pno.)

Violin I (Vln. I)

Violin II (Vln. II)

Viola (Vla.)

Violoncello (Vc.)

Handwritten notes: $A^b C^b$, $G^b B^b$, $F B^b$, $F A^b$, $C^b E^b$, B^b , $B^b D^b$, $A^b D^b$

SAME AS LAST (4)

Slow down
rit.

41

Pno.

DYNAMICS DECREASED

To fade out strings

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

45

C A tempo

E^b minor C^b major D^b major G^b major

Pno.

49

Pno.

53

Pno.

57

Pno.

molto rit. lunga

ppp

slows + fades out

return to piano only